

MALAWI HIV FACT SHEET

Overall National HIV Estimates

Data source: 2023 Spectrum estimates

Indicator	Estimate	Year
People living with HIV (PLHIV)	1,006,633 [954,899–1,065,947]	2022
People newly infected with HIV	15,630 [12,864–20,237]	2022
PLHIV alive on antiretroviral therapy	931,916 [620,226–1,642,281]	2022
People who died from AIDS-related illnesses (annual)	11,931 [10,131–14,581]	2022
People who have died from AIDS-related illnesses since the start of the HIV epidemic in Malawi (cumulative)	1.4 million [1.2–1.6million]	2022

People living with HIV.

- In 2022, there were 1,006,633 million [954,899–1,065,947] people living with HIV.
- About 59,520 thousand people did not know that they were living with HIV in 2022.



People living with HIV accessing antiretroviral therapy (ART)

- By end of December 2022; 931,916 (93%) of all PLHIV received ART, an increase from 250,953 in 2010.
 - 94% of adults aged 15 years and older living with HIV were on ART.
 - Only 71% of children aged 0–14 years living with HIV received ART.
 - 99% of women aged 15 years and older living with HIV were on ART.
 - Only 86% of men aged 15 years and older living with HIV were on ART.
 - 90.1% of pregnant women living with HIV had access to ART to prevent transmission of HIV to the child.

New HIV infections

- New HIV infections have been reduced by 88% since the peak in 1993.
- 15,630 [12,864–20,237] people were newly infected with HIV in 2022 compared to 130,880 [120,069–145,785] people in 1993.
- Since 2010, new HIV infections have declined by 72%, from 56,054 [49,954– 61,934] to 15,720 [12,939–20,354] in 2022.
- New HIV infections among children have declined by 82% since 2010, from 15,561 [12,550–17,371] to 2,792 [1,526–3,616] in 2022.
- 110,943 pediatric HIV infections have been averted since the start of the PMTCT program in 2011.



Women and Girls

- Women and girls accounted for 61% of all new infections in 2022.
- 33% of all new HIV infections were among women [10-29 years] while 21% were among AGYW (10-24).

AIDS-related deaths

- AIDS-related deaths have reduced by 85% since the peak in 2003.
- In 2022, around 11,931 [10,139–14,581] people died from AIDS-related illnesses, compared to 77,319 [70,973–86,449] people in 2003.
- AIDS-related mortality has declined by 77% among women and girls and by 75% among men and boys since 2010.
- 599,257 deaths averted since the start of ART program in 2003.

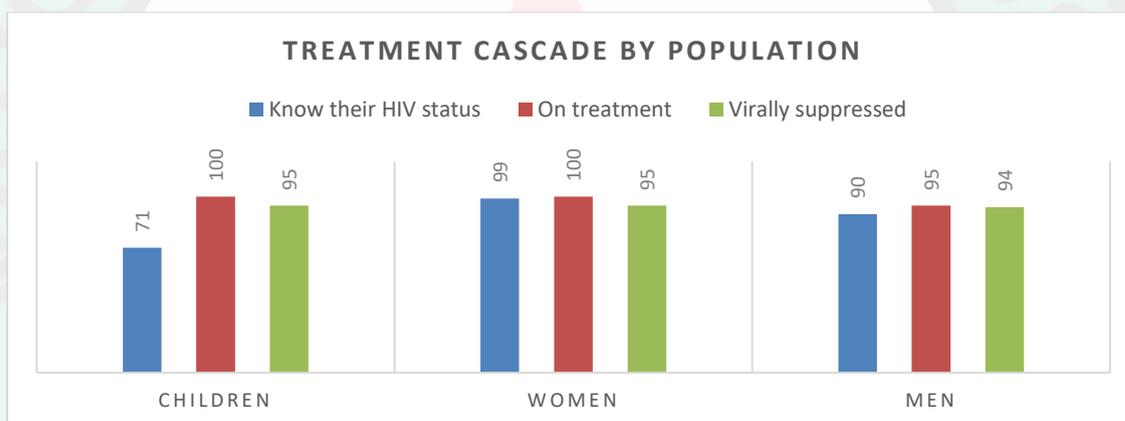
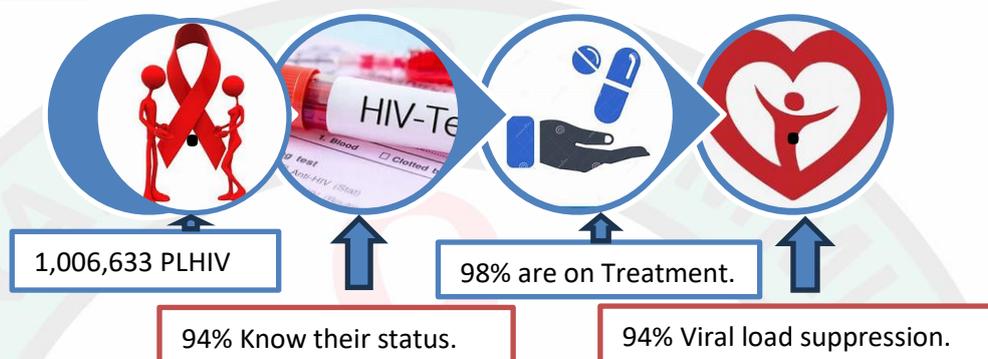
Key Populations

- In 2022, median HIV prevalence among the adult population [ages 15-49] was 7.1%. However median prevalence was higher among key populations.

Population	Population size estimate	HIV prevalence
Female sex workers	39,000	49.9%
Men who have sex with men	35,400	12.8%
Transgender	4,900	13.8%
People who inject drugs	8,400	27.0%

Testing and treatment targets (95–95–95)

By December 2022



Investments

- The 2023 Global AIDS Monitoring (GAM) report established a total HIV and AIDS expenditure to be an estimated US\$259 million by end of 2022.
- The HIV and AIDS response is predominantly funded by development partners who account for 80% of HIV and AIDS expenditure (NASA, 2020).
- Domestic resources to the response take up about 20% of the total expenditure, inclusive of infrastructure and human resources for health (NASA, 2020).

Distribution of HIV resources in 2022; Data Source: 2023 Global AIDS Monitoring Report

Treatment (Including: TB/HIV Co-infection)	\$ 163,551,000.00
HIV Prevention	\$ 32,241,000.00
Structural (Gender, AGYW, Social Protection, Community Mobilization)	\$ 5,279,000.00
Program management	\$ 58,629,000.00

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